E 440 .5 .V28 Copy 1



Book









NOW AND THEN.

SPEECH

HON. CHARLES H. VAN WYCK,

UPON THE REPORT OF THE

COMMITTEE OF THIRTY-THREE EPON THE STATE OF THE UNION

DELIVERED IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, JANUARY 29, 1861.

most exciting scenes witnessed in the American Congress. On the 25th day of Janua-power in Congress or the States to dissolve ry, 1842, John Quincy Adams introduced it? If the Union was an indissoluble bond the petition of forty-five citizens of Haverhill, Massachusetts, praying for a peaceful dissolution of the United States. Desiring question, and the policy of the Government that the right of petition should be recognized, he moved its reference to a committee, fathers of the Republic, nearly all the states-with instructions to report against its pray man of the South and the Democratic nearly lonies, and other causes, the slavery agita- of freedom. tion was deeper and more intense than at any period in the history of our country. sentative would appear in the National Leg-of man, a reference to their past acts and islature. All the evils which you now la-declarations might be of profit.

When the petition referred to was present-your institutions in more jeopardy. Since ed, Mr. Hopkins, of Virginia, asked "If it laxy; Texas has been bought and acquired of the House." and surrendered to slavery; California was Mr. Wise, of Virginia, asked "If it was in planted on her brow the diadem of liberty; member has offered such a petition to this New Mexico has been acquired, and that imbody, and to proceed accordingly."

In the substitution of the proceed accordingly and the proceed accordingly and the proceed accordingly. mense Territory, larger than the original Mr. Merriwether, of Georgia, "Did not thirteen States, you have been suffered to think that such a petition should be allowed dedicate to the "peculiar institution." to come within the walls of this House. Three-fourths of the territory acquired since Mr. Campbell, of South Carolina, "Did 1842 has been surrendered to slavery; and not think that a petition of such a character slave property has been steadily increasing should be thus lightly pased over." in numbers and value. In 1850, a more Mr. Gilmer, of Virginia, resolved:

Mr. VAN WYCK. This week completes: Why, with no greater cause of complaint, the nineteenth anniversary of one of the were your people then so strongly attached most exciting scenes witnessed in the Ame- to the Union? Why did you then deny the

with instructions to report against its pray-men of the South, and the Democratic party er. He, with nearly the entire North and down to 1848. Because we entertain those South, were opposed to dissolution. For a views and believe in that policy, and for no few years previous to that time, by reason other reason, political incendiaries would of the excitement with England and her co-

The very men who then could not find words Democratic party stood in 1842. Shall we sufficiently strong to anothematise those they now hesitate to stand like men where they called traitors, now seem to be courting a proudly stood? And it fall we must, will it traitor's doom, and madly rioting in a trainot be some consolation to fall amid such tor's saturnalia. The folly of Abolitionists splendid ruins, because it will be amid the did not force the South into treason against wreck of your father's policy and your own God and man. Efforts were then being made we will be ingulfed? The Abolitionists of to abolish slavery in the dock-yards, arsethe North claimed to be oppressed in 1842, nals, and District of Columbia. Personal because Congress had spurned the right of liberty bills existed in many of the States; petition. Did you propose a great national New York had passed one in 1840. Henry committee to bargain a truce with traitors, A. Wise then predicted, with as much hope by a barter and betrayal of principle? To of fulfillment as most of your prophesies at some of the men who are now reeking with this time, that in ten years a black Repretreason and conspiring against the freedom

that time, Florida has been added to the ga- was in order to burn the petition in presence

obtained, and the Constitution of a sover-order to move to censure any member preeign people placed on her mountains and senting such a petition? and to move that the valleys the royal robe of free labor, and House do now proceed to inquire whether a

stringent slave law was given to appease That, in presenting to the consideration of this vour growing demands.

"That, in presenting to the consideration of this vour growing demands.

naember from Massachusett ... Mr. Adamso has justly Burr's case; and you shall get your hemp, incurred the censure of this House. There were no discount for the consure of this consumer to the consumer of the consumer to t

lowing resolution:

form of Government and of perpetual obligation, until altered or modified in the mode pointed out in that in-strument." * * "A proposition, therestrument." * * "A proposition, therefore, to dissolve the organic law, is a direct proposition.

to submit it to the members of that House, all the States south of this line. The distreason." "Coming from any quarter, it slavery." was sacrilege. The Union was the only

means of safety and liberty.

mercial marine, connecting England and the it." West Indies with this country, and thus, follow, which, at the first sound of the toe- 1842? sin, would pour in armies of trained free pedient to dissolve the Union just at this solve the Union. time; not yet; not now. They had not yet

There were no dissolutionists in his section Mr. Marshall, of Kentucky, moved the fol- of the country. It they dared to show their faces in his section, they would meet with a "Whereas the Federal Constitution is a permanent very speedy and a very summary disposal." So spoke Henry A. Wise, now one of the leaders of this organized armed rebellion.

Mr. Underwood, of Kentucky, said: "They erime of high treason:

**

"Is a "

"I "It struck him with horror, it stupified parate the different States composing this him; he had not believed it possible that Confederacy, making the Ohio river the line. there could be men wild enough in the coun- and Mason and Dixon's line the boundary, try, and mad enough, to make a proposition he knew, as soon as that was done, slavery that the Government of the United States was done in Kentucky, Maryland, and a large should terminate its own existence, and then portion of Virginia, and it would extend to inviting them to commit perjury or moral solution of the Union was the dissolution of

Mr. Botts, in his remarks, stated that a similar resolution, some three or four years Mr. Wise asked for a voice from the tombs, ago, was prepared by a member from South that the Farewell Address of Washington Carolina. Mr. William Butler, of that State, might be heard. After extracts were read, desired to know to whom he referred; he he said, "that the anti-slavery party was replied Mr. Rhett. Mr. Rhett then disclaimagainst the Government; was an English ed any serious intention in the resolution, party. Yes, while the English Abolitionists that " he only proposed it as an amendment were moving on Jamaica, and contemplating to a proposition to abolish slavery in the to make their next demonstration on Cuba; District of Columbia; that he had no exwhile they were establishing lines of a com- pectation of passing it or taking a vote on

South Carolina talks very much of status opening the way for a military marine to quo just now. What was her status quo in

Mr. Marshall further said: "You may disblacks upon the whole South, this proposi- solve-God in his mercy forfend that you tion to dissolve the Union was simultane- ever should. But you will never do it but ously brought forward." Can any ardent by force. Never! " "Will they southerner present so formidable a list of tell the American people that the people of grievances now? "And how happens it Massachusetts have a right to dissolve their that men, who held these sentiments, should Union. It is the detestation of the South to be found bringing forward Tory plans for abolition that makes her a unionist. And it upturning the Government?" "It was a is the love of the North for abolition that British abolition disunion party." Speak- has brought her in favor of dissolution." ing of Mr. Adams's motion to report against "It goes beyond southern nullifiers. The the petition, he adds: "What did that amount convention that sat at Columbia never took to? No more than this, that it was not ex- the ground that Congress had power to dis-

Our ease is here fully made out, and the iost all their love for that Union recom- argument exhausted. Your own men have mended by the Father of their Country." proved that neither Congress nor the States "this very ex-President was the very man can dissolve this Union, save by force; and who, for the first time, invited the Congress when you have already commenced that proof the United States to receive, discuss, decess, you leave us only one course—to optiberate upon, a proposition to break the pose force by force. You have driven us to anion of the States. It pointed to that the wall; and we will not, we cannot surwhich, should God spare his life, he expect- render. We are told that a removal of the ed to witness before ten years passed over cause of danger will produce peace. But his head-the election of a black Represen- what is the cause? You say slavery agitatative to a seat on that floor. English in- tion. In that you stop one degree short of fluence at home and abroad was in league to the real cause-which is slavery itself. Now, dissolve this Union." "Go on; you shall will you exercise an enlarged patriotism by have your reward. Go on with this, your removing the cause of danger? You may moral treason, and carry it so far as to come have an open powder magazine on a public within Chief Justice Marshall's decision in thoroughfure of the world Will you quarrel with every traveler who carries a lighted stunted pine and oak, where the eagle builds taper whenever his convenience or wants his cyrie, and the crest wreathed in perpetand remove it from the trend of men. We with such a man the existence of a divine do not ask this. We only insist that you Creator? So, when you take a man, and shall not with it curse the common Territo- stand him by the great ocean of humanity, ries of the nation. You do not pretend that where he bends his ear to catch the surging your institution is endangered in the States, wail of oppression and want; when he stands

fugitive slave law.

was subdued. But, mark what the Vice pause to argue the divinity of man's free-President, and one of the defeated candidates dom, or prove his inherent right to himfor the Presidency, in a letter to the Gov-self? ernor of Kentucky, January 6, 1861, says: since, you sought to demonstrate that northern wealth and commerce, French industry, and British enterprise, depended upon a few slaveholders. The gentleman from Virginia, [Mr. Garnett,] boastingly pointed to the time, in a few deader when the greatest states with the slave was the sordid and base consideration that slavery would not pay. time, in a few decades, when the slave population would number thirty million.

sounding sea to hear the sullen roar of its lience? Is that not safer than the brute force waters, or stand him upon the yawning gulf, of a minority? down which volcanic fires madly rage, or

require? Better close your deadly magazine, ual snow? Would you stop coldly to reason True, you sometimes lament about personal over the yawning volcanic fires which desliberty bills, and the tardy execution of the potism has created and is endeavoring to conceal; or in the little valley of human The attempted prohibition of slavery i happiness, full of sunshine and peace; or the Territories is the real cause of complaint. high up on the dreary mountain of oppres-The condition of all the Territories we now sion, where scarce a green thing may grow. own is settled, and we had hoped the inor-dinate desire to plunder our weak neighbors make desolation more desolate: will you

But we have now to deal with facts, not "The Southern States cannot afford to be shut fancies; realities, not theory. We supposed off from all possibility of expansion towards that we lived in a Republic where free white the tropics by the hostile action of the Federal men regulated its action and controlled its Government." Let us not be deceived: this destiny; that it was a Government of the key unlocks the southern mind and passions, people for the people. For three-fourths of Dreams of Cuba, Mexico, the Central and a century we have grown in wealth, num-South American States, festoon the bloody bers, and power, although you claim to have machinations of southern traitors, as they suffered from multiplied wrongs. South Carrendered gorgeous the unholy schemes of olina, in one of her many declarations of in-Burr and his confederates. In one breath dependence, says it has been going on for you groan at the evils suffered from the seventy-four years. Quite likely; our fathers Union and the Federal Government, although commenced a crusade against slavery even nearly the whole time from its existence it in the colonial state; they renewed it in the has been in your hands or subject to your Declaration of Independence, and continued control. In the next you boast of your great it after the adoption of the Constitution, in wealth and power; of the spread of your its almost immediate abolition in one-half dominions; the increase in the number and the States of the Union. And now you scanvalue of your slaves; the great overshadow-dalize the memory of the revolutionary pating omnipotence of cotton. A few days riots, who hewed the pathway to national

Grant, if you please, that slavery is right; what then? You say that the Territories I stop not here to prove the divinity of belong to the people of the whole country. freedom or the despotism of slavery. With Shall not they who own it control it? Is it your cannon pointed at the Capitol, and your unsafe to intrust their destiny with the sovbayonets almost at our breasts, it is no time ereign people of the Republic? The majorto argue abstract principles, neither on our ity, constitutionally expressed, must govern. knees to supplicate for life. At all times, on What do you mean when you talk of the a question of freedom, man should be right brute force of majorities, which is manifested from instinct. Would you take a man by the without force, and exercised without vio-

You say you are excluded from settling in dart their sulphureous fumes and hissing the Territories. Not so. Of your eight inif-front into the vale below? Would you place lion population, scarce three hundred thouhim in the smiling valley, teeming with the sand are owners of slaves. The hearthstones fruits of autumn, radiating the cheering sun-lof many solitary cabins, far away towards shine of mid-day or the mellow moonbeams, the light of the setting sun, are cheered by of evening; or from the bold mountain sum-the songs which the emigrant learned in his mit, beyond the reach of culture's hand or southern home. Your seven million five hunnature's growth, where the dew of evening dred thousand population who have not the or the rain of morning only gives life to the advantages of negro property can cross thu compelled to work in the furrow wet with reason, is controlled by no Constitution, the sweat of the slave. This very day, is guided by no laws? not a fair proportion of the population of that country-of which

" 'Twas said that far through the forest wild And over the mountains bold, Was a land whose rivers and darkening caves Were gem'd with the purest gold"-

men reared in a southern clime? Let me illus- am not disposed to humiliate myself to extrate: A poor boy was born in Kentucky; not cuse or atone for another's folly. We are to an inheritance of wealth and slaves, but en- not responsible for the ignorance of your peotitled to the privileges of that immense terri- ple. We have neither created nor contribtory over which your fathers said the dark uted to it. You suffer papers filled with the wing of slavery should never be spread. He ultra doctrines of Garrison to be circulated, removed to Illinois: by industry carved out while those which are exponents of Republifor himself reputation, honor, and greatness, can principles are consigned to the flames. and now stands a living embodiment of the Southern and northern orators have willfully joying its benefits, or aspiring to the high- reap the whirlwind. You have created the est offices in the gift of a free people?

slavery should have a struggle with freedom you are hoping to produce. north of that line, and that free labor or slavelabor should be baptized in fire and blood on the plains of Kansas. We submitted to the brute force of majorities then. In 1856, you claimed that your Nebraska bill was sustained by the people; and the whole patronage of the Government, the Treasury and this vast continent: sword of the nation unsheathed to subdue us. we submitted to the brute force of majorithe brute force of majorities then. We never ins. made any ruffian's threat or braggart's boast. thers, were but States in alliance; ours is a | This hour witnesses the fulfillment of all that created can alone destroy.

I, my constituents, my State, my section, are driven from it?

dark line which slavery rears, and not be submission to a power which yields to no

We are told that we must submit because we have been misrepresented at home and abroad; because southern people, in their blind infatuation, believe that we intend to overrun, devastate, and destroy, the southern States, and liberate their slaves by force. I principles we profess—the lawfully elected and wickedly misrepresented our purposes President of the United States. Will Ken- and objects. You have been arousing and tucky this day say that the ordinance of Jef- alarming the worst passions of your people. ferson, excluding slavery from the great and now you say you cannot control them. Northwest, prevented her citizens from en- You have sown the wind, now yourselves t offices in the gift of a free people? storm, now bend yourselves before its fury or The policy of the dominant party must pre-break. While you have lashed the angry In 1820, the policy of the dominant waves into threatening billows, you ask us and slaveholding party said slavery should to cut away our masts and scuttle our ship, not go north of 36° 30'; in 1854, you reversed so that you may enjoy one wide-spread ruin. that policy, and the dominant party said that You are now exultant over the destruction

"Like the u:conbeams on the blasted heath Mocking its desolation".

"Times noblest empire is the last."

You have been shorn of your strength by ties then. Mr. Douglas told you that by his your own Delilah; and now in your blindtheory of popular sovereignty you had ac-ness would wrap your arms around the pilquired New Mexico to slavery; we submitted to lars of the Republic and perish in its ru-

But your northern allies are atoning for only waiting for another expression of the will their work of folly by branding their own of the American people. And now, in the falsehoods. Ought not this to remove apsame spirit with which you demand the right prehension from the minds of your people? to convert men into merchandise, you talk You trusted them to believe their falseof dismembering a great Republic and es-hoods. Why not believe them when the tablishing empires. Do gentiemen so se-dangers they have produced and the tears riously mistake the nature of our Union? they have excited are extorting from them The Amphyctionic council, the Achaen and an honest confession? If you will not hear Ionian league, the Swiss and Italian Repub- Moses and the Prophets, you would not be lics, like the first Confederation of our fa- convinced though one rose from the dead.

Union of the people. The Constitution itself we have predicted as to the encroachments shows by whom made and for what purpose, and demands of slavery. From coercing the We, the people, not the States, for the pur-labor of one race, it places its hand on our pose of a more perfect union. The power throat, and, in the language of the highwayman, demands our money or our life, our The question is not now, Shall the Africand Government or our principles. Do they fail be a slave, but shall the white freemen of to see that, when this institution is carried the nation control the Government? Shall to the Territories, the freemen of the North

pass under the yoke, and grant a willing. What a commentary upon this institution

that, like the Upas tree, every green leaf and trying to set aside that finality that you may flower of those rights which exalt man and renew agitation. You propose now to lay gentleman from Georgia was delivering his to give you greater guarantees for slavery to the world, he said they could not tolerate slaves. You have suggested no compromise southern audiences; and that freedom of the render on our part. You have proposed no

he could travel through the South unharm-from your realm because its compiler may ed, adds that Abraham Lincoln was born in be opposed to slavery? Any security for Kentucky—the graves of his parents were the freedom of speech and press, already there—but he dare not visit them. Dare supposed to be secured by the Constitution? not! Is that the language to address to You say you concede to freedom north of American citizens? That little sentence 36° 30': that is no concession. We bought contributed more to the election of Lincoln that right in 1820, when we received Missouri than the speeches of all his friends. If that as a slave State into the Union. You forced were true, freemen could feel and understand that right from us in 1854, and then we its force; and the quiet, though stern men conquered it through the strife and blood of of the nation would naturally inquire upon a civil war; so that we have already a what principles the Government was being double title—first by purchase, and then by administered. Dare not go by the graves of conquest. But you yield to freedom all his fathers! A man born in Kentucky, with that we may acquire north of that line. We no brand on his brow, and no stain on his never can obtain any more. Canada and soul, pure and upright in all the relations of the British possessions will never be ours. life, charged with no crime against the laws All our future acquisitions, if any, must be of God and man, dare not travel through south of that line in the direction of the what he boasts to call his country, to plant tropics, and you demand its unconditional flowers or shed tears upon the graves of his surrender to slavery. Under the delusion ancestors! And you coolly say we must of a compromise you seek to betray us into have no Government to protect such men. a surrender to the very men who are com-Kentucky has spurned the demagogue, and pact-breakers, and who claim that a comnow she repudiates his libel.

had removed the agitation out of Congress, stitution is unconstitutional, and you seek The only finality we have had for years, we its amendment to establish sectional lines. had at the ballot-box the 6th day of Novem- In 1820 you establish the Missouri line to ber last. True to your instincts, you are save the Union; in 1854 you destroy it to

dignify his existence, must perish beneath your hands upon the ark of the covenant our its shadow. A few days since, when the fathers set up, to amend the Constitution. valedictory, and presenting his grievances than the States exacted when each held that white men like SUMNER should address that does not involve submission and surpress and circulation of printed matter could plan which concedes anything to the North. not be allowed in his State; and, for fear the You ask us to admit the truth of your incoming Administration should exercise its charges against us, by a declaration in the power to prevent the rifling of the mails in Constitution that we will never steal your southern States, where we pay from the slaves or deprive you of your rights. Of Treasury \$2,500,000 for their transportation, what avail would that be if your present pohe gave notice, in advance, that they would sition is correct, that one State, however commit treason and destroy the Union insignificant, can destroy the whole fabric? Can the enormity of the slave power be pre- You who have violated the Constitution and sented in any stronger light? This very set the laws at defiance, are demanding conday, beneath the shadow of hoary oppres-stitutional guarantees that we will do neither! sion, and at the foot of thrones covered with Will you tell what concessions you propose the dust of centuries, free speech and free to the North? Do you propose any addipress begins to grow and flourish. Yet the tional security for the protection of the life American Republic, at the peril of its exist- and liberty of the northern man in the slave ence, is forced to extend a system more des. States? Additional security for the sacred potic than tyranny and more dogmatical right of property when that property consists in books on political, moral, or reli-The popular sovereignty candidate for the gions subjects not having your approbation? Presidency, after the humiliating boast that That you will not banish the cottage Bible promise, to which the faith of the nation was Now, you ask us to compromise. What pledged, had no sacredness beyond an ordihave we to concede? We have done you nary act for the collection of the revenue or no wrong, and propose none. You have the establishment of a post route. You have been compromising for years, until you for years been telling us that all geographyourselves have often told us the day for ical lines were sectional and dangerous to compromise was past. You compromised the peace and stability of the Union, entirein 1850, and called it a finality. You com- ly unconstitutional; finally, you obtained a promised in 1854 by violating a sacred com- decision of the Supreme Court to that effect, promise, called that a finality, and said you when you suddenly discover that the Consee the salvation of the Republic only crty, and then fire upon its flag, you should through its re-establishment and perpetui- not sit down and picture the horrors of civil ed in all our future acquisitions. No won- last home of the oppressed, the last hope of der gentlemen are regretting its destruction; freedom, for the purpose of extending, in the no wonder ghosts of murdered victims will name of liberty, and under the shield of rerise before them, and not down at their bid-ligion, the institution of slavery. The gending; no wonder they should strive to ban- tleman from Maryland. [Mr. HARRIS.] who ish the apparition of the bloody hand, and has just taken his seat, appeals to us most men like the Senator from Illinois should earnestly to make some compromise to save desire to act as though they had never ut- the Union. Why not appeal to the men who tered a word or cast a vote.

homes of thousands, and suffer four million federacy, and she second. The compromises of the present Constitution to-day one tribe lacking in Israel?" once lost, you never can regain. Think you a coercion of the States. You were willing sion have heaped upon them. to vote millions to transport troops and prothe dust.

point of the bayonet; but we do not mean to them the advantages of free labor. be driven from it by force. If you desire a peacrable secession, why do you not seek it? because some men believe that slavery will A convention of all the States possibly would finally pass from the earth. Who that has bid the secoding States depart in peace. But faith in God does not believe that in the end

save the Union; and now, in 1861, you can when you forcibly seize the Federal propty, with the new and startling condition and war. You seem willing to spread the pall nexed, that slavery must be forever protect- of desolation over the land, strike down the are laboring for its destruction? As well Your unholy crusade, therefore, against stop the bold fireman who is heroically the Union, is to extend the area of slavery, struggling with the flames, instead of seiz-For that purpose you invoke the God of bat- ing the incendiary who applied the torch to tles, when your system ignores all His attri- the temple. We desire not the destruction butes and defies the spirit of His teachings, even of South Carolina. Jewish history, You talk of the sacredness of your homes, which you so much venerate, admonishes us when for years you have been despoiling the that they had a South Carolina in their con-After three sehuman beings to have no hearthstones around vere battles, the disunionists were extermiwhich the affections may cluster. You talk nated. The conquerors indulged in no shouts about the recollection of wives and children of victory, but "came to the house of God, to nerve your arm, when your system de- and abode there till even, before God, and stroys the relation of husband and wife, and lifted up their voices and wept sore; and violates the holiest tie of parent and child, said: O Lord God of Israel, why is this You talk of reconstruction. Believe it not, come to pass in Israel, that there should be

If the people consent, let the cotton States another Senate can be formed wherein Del- depart. Then let us vote millions to puraware and Florida can equal New York and chase the slaves of the border States as fast Pennsylvania? Another House of Repre- as either of them may desire to sell; then, sentatives wherein you will be allowed let us purchase for them a home in Central twenty Representatives on account of your America, where, by our fostering care, we property in man? You are now opposed toomay rear them to habits of industry and the Army and Navy, because you boldly as good government, and, in a measure, atone sert that an enforcement of the laws means for the injury and injustice ages of oppres-

An intelligent correspondent of the New visions two thousand miles, over prairie and York Herald furnishes that paper the foldesert, to coerce our brethren in Utah, when lowing figures: Slavery in Maryland has deyou said they were in rebellion to the Gov- creased 6,000 in the last decade. There are ernment. You sent the Army into Kansas' in that State 80,000 slaves; which, at \$500 to subdue the freemen in the North. You per head, would only amount to \$40,000,000. have used the Federal troops to enforce A duty of ten per cent. on the \$490,000,000 the fugitive slave law. When John Brown, of annual imports would pay for them in a with as much authority to seize the property single year. Baltimore would soon rival of the nation as you possess, took the arse-Philadelphia as a manufacturing city, and nal at Harper's Ferry, the marines of the Maryland would be converted into a garden United States were sent to its rescue dreaded not then its despotic power. The aware has only 2,000 slaves. One million camp had no terrors. The plume of the sol- dollars would indemnify the owners, and dier and the gilded trappings of the officer make her a free State. Missouri has but did not fill you with disgust. You oppose 100,000 slaves. Fifty million dollars would coercion, yet, by force of armed men, you pay for them, and make her rival Illinois in seize the forts and navy-yards of the United wealth, population, and improvement. Thus States, and trample the stars and stripes in less than \$100,000,000 would rid them all of an institution for which neither their cli-I desire not to preserve this Union at the mate nor products are suited, and bestow on

You also insist upon dissolving the Union

all forms of oppression will disappear? to him the secret of his power, nor his right weep its overthrow. divine to a free manhood as of stern justice uprising from the innate intelligence within him. Had it been otherwise, the throne and, he who sat on it would have been powdered in the dust; nor longer would the body have submitted to stripes and chains, nor the.

But the scent of the roses will hang round it still."
You may destroy our temple, but, like the spirit flapped its wings against bonds and sacred olive on the Acropolis, the burnt prison walls in its soarings to be free. The stump will immediately put forth a "fresh wild democracies of Greece would have shoot, a cubit in length. made liberty calm and tranquil as a summer modern Minotaur, for which periodic: lly you sea, and the turbulent republics of the Swiss, will exact a tribute of principle? Can you cantons would have humbled the proud par not be satisfied with the golden fleece; but laces of Europe before the stern and steady will you carry off some Medea besides? Purtramp of enlightened freemen. Everywhere sue not so far that, like Aristomenes, you we sympathize for the oppressed, and hope may lose your shield, and there may be no for their deliverance. Mr. Yancy in a speech, case of Trophonius in which to find it. in New York city last October, said, the Russian serf had the right to revolution. Every Union, and the laws; let us no longer seman can run the parallels. In the late he pulcher dreams that are dead; and the rain-roic struggle for Italian nationality and unity bow of promise will arch again for us, and were we not allowed to breathe the prayer the visions of night once more be gilded that from her baptism of blood the sun of with glory. universal freedom might break forth and light man's pathway with a brightness as mighty moving on the troubled waters. Men clear and beautiful and free as that which and nations will do but little in warring tinged her mellow waves, beamed in beauty against His decrees, or compromising His upon her valleys, and fringed the brown judgments. Reckless threats or idle boasts summits of her towering mountains.

white race will be free and the African no ed that Leonidas and his three hundred longer a slave. Do you now propose to re- Spartans were slaveholders. He may yet tard the civilization of the world for centum learn that a people can possess the vices and ries and to turn back the hands on the dial evils of one generation without attaining to of liberty? Would you inaugurate the time their valor and greatness. Remember that when beneath shadows of the monuments his arm is strong whose cause is just. The reared in freedom's cause the watch-fires slaves of the Greeks were of the white will cease to burn; "when the patriot mo-praces, of those captured in war, with whom ther, nursing her half-famished infant, will they compromised by giving slavery instead startle at the hoot of the owl or the rust- of death. At that period of the world, the ling of the raven's wing?" God grant you. Ethiopian was highly esteemed. The Gremay never accomplish so much. I would clan said "he was of swarthy complexion rather bear for rather hope for returning reason, or even from his neighborhood to the sun, was a fa-

time when

"Freedom, hand in hand with labor, Walketh strong and brave; On the forehead of his neighbor No man writeth, 'slave!

stitute no comparison between the North and the altar of our common liberties with noble the South as to numbers or natural cour- patriots at the South and on this floor, who, from them of those who have been reared a God to serve, have rebuked disunion and "where nature's heart beats strong and high branded treason, amid the hills." You may widen and deepen All hail the g the gulf between freedom and slavery, but peering like a rock in mid-ocean, unshaken can you vainly hope to bridge the Hellespont by wind and wave, beating back the mad, or canal Mount Athos?

The principles of our fathers we will ever Continued struggles for thousands of years, adore as "tokens upon our hands" and as offering up millions of lives and oceans of "frontlets between our eyes." You may blood, have not yet solved the problem of shatter the Union, but the holiest associathe white man's deliverance. Man for ages tion for ages to come will gather around and was as blind as the unthinking horse; the garnish its ruins. The travel-stained pilmind in its crude development revealed not grim in liberty's cause will, through all time.

" Like the vase in which roses have once been dis-

You may break, you may ruin, the vase, if you will;

But the scent of the roses will hang round it still."

Let us be true to the Constitution, the

I think I can see the finger of the Alof your power and courage will avail no-We believe the time must come when the thing. The gentleman from Virginia exultavenging justice, and patiently await the vorite of the gods, and sometimes honored by visits from the celestials." Peter faltered in the path of duty, and fell. Christ refused to compromise, and established His divinity. Like Peter, we are erring. If anything could seduce us from the integrity of I said last winter, I repeat now: I will in- our faith, it would be to strike hands over Read the lessons of history, and learn feeling that they have a country to save and

All hail the gallant State of Kentucky, tempestuous billows! Your gallant Holt



unmasked treason at the capital, and your hawk and scalping-knife, about converting noble Anderson sustained your honor and the warfare of opinion into a contest of blood; ours at Fort Sumter. Land of the "dark while the Catalines of the nation are conand bloody ground," whose name kindles spiring in the Capitol to destroy the liberties glorious associations and holy memories! of the people and the powers of the Govern-Brave, loyal men of Kentucky; you of the ment; while treason has been flaunting in "lion heart and eagle eye" have given a new the departments of the Administration, and angury that the Union must be preserved in our proud ensign, which has commanded the fadeless immortality. Come not as suppli- fear of hostile nations and the respect of all ants, nor with arms in your hands, but as the world, defiantly insulted, we are called you are coming, with the simple garland or upon to compromise with rebels, with canolive on your brows, and hearts glowing non pointed at us stolen from the national with love for the Constitution and laws of arsenals. For myself, sir, never! I would your country; make known your grievances: rather perish on the threshold of this Capitol, and the nation will rise up with one accord defending the stars and stripes which float to do you justice. Do such a people wrong? over it, than vote, at such a time, for any Never! Southern men who have made this compromise involving a sacrifice of principle. charge against us will be the first to renounce. You yourselves would despise a people who it. No, sir: the least of the rights of Ken- would exhibit the cowardice to retreat in tucky under the Constitution can never be the face of an armed an threatening foe. taken or attempted to be taken from her. The true men of the north and Sonth will Should her rights be invaded thousands of rally round that standard sheet, determined northern swords would leap from their scab- to defend and protect it from enemies withbards, and every free State would feel proud out and foes within. Some stars on its glit-

shall never be moistened with brothers' blood, stellation. and over his tomb shall never be heard the pattle-shock of brothers in conflict. You more our national ballads. venerate his memory, and cherish the senti- Spangled Bauner" and "Hail Columbia," cede from the Union; when he said:

"Now I stand here in my place, meaning to be un, awed by any threats, whether they come from individuals or from States. I should deplore as much as any man that arms should be raised against the anthority of the Union, either by individuals or by States. But after all that has occurred, if any one States, and of the words of the words of the words. Then shall they longer lash, and goad us? State, or a portion of the people of any State, choose to place themselves in military array against the Gov-ernment of the Union. I am for trying the strength of the Government; I am for ascertaining whether we have a Government or not-practical, efficient, capable of maintaining its authority and upholding the powers and interests which belong to a Government. Nor, sir, am I to be alarmed or dissuaded from any such course by intimidations of the spilling of blood. If blood is to be spilt, by whose fault is it? It will be the fault of those who choose to raise the standard of disunion and endeavor to prostate this Government And, sir, when that is done, so long as it pleases God voice and that arm will be on the side of my country, for the support of the general authority, and for the maintenance of the powers of this Union.

of their brethren in the North; but had they, will say, with us: to their devotion and nobility almost any concessions would be yielded that a brave. loval people ought to ask of brave, loval brethren.

We have been told by Schators that some of the southern states are on the war path. and, while they are brandishing the toma-

to furnish men and treasure in her defense. tering fold may dart off into a comet's wand-The great commoner sleeps well on your ering or a meteor's flight, but they will find bosom, and you are determined that his grave they shine not so brightly in any other con-

In the madness of the hour, you sing no .. The Starments he uttered in the Senate Chamber in which for years have inspired glowing pat-1850, when Georgia was threatening to ce- riotism, no longer kindle in your hearts the holy emotion of freedom. You sing now the

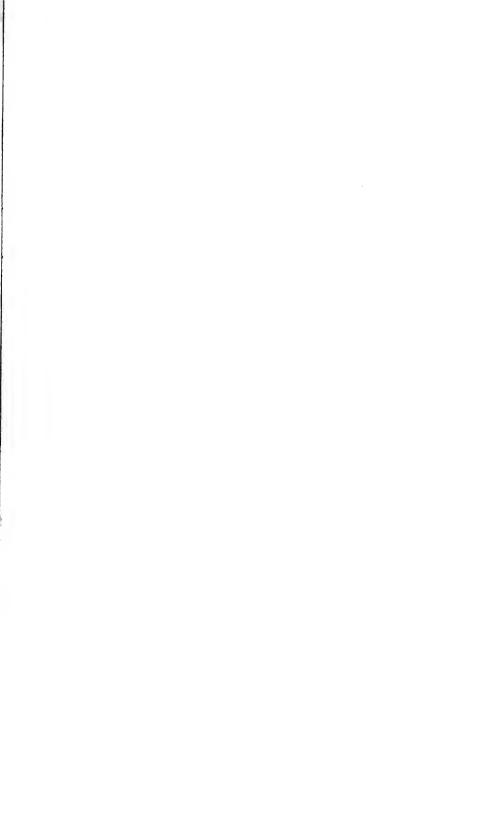
> Oh, liberty: can man resign thee, Once having felt thy generous flame; Can dungeon, bolts, and burs confine thea, On whise thy noble spirit temp? Or whips thy noble spirit tame?

No loyal American, whatever his individual or sectional grievances, can wantonly dishonor the flag of his fathers. His heart will cling to it in the spirit of Ruth, when she said to Naomi, "Whither thou goest, I will go, and where thou lodgest, I will lodge; to give me a voice to express my sentiments, or an thy people shall be my people, and thy God arm, weak and enfecbled as it may be by age, that my God. Where thou diest will I die, and my God. Where thou diest will I die; and there will I be buried.

When the passion of the hour subsides, The true men of Kentucky need have no fears and reason leads to a calm reflection, you

> " Tis the flag of America, it floats over the brave; Tis the fairest unfurled on the land or the wave; But, thou brightest in story and matchless in fight 'Tis the herald of mercy as well as of might.

" In the cause of the wronged may it ever be flist. Where tyrants are humbled, and fetters are burst; Be justice the war shout, and dastard is he Who would scruple to die 'neath the flag of the free '



	Á

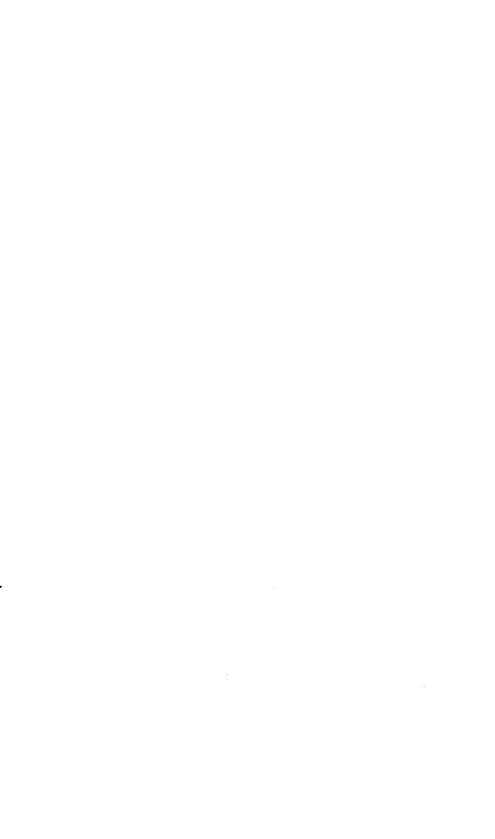


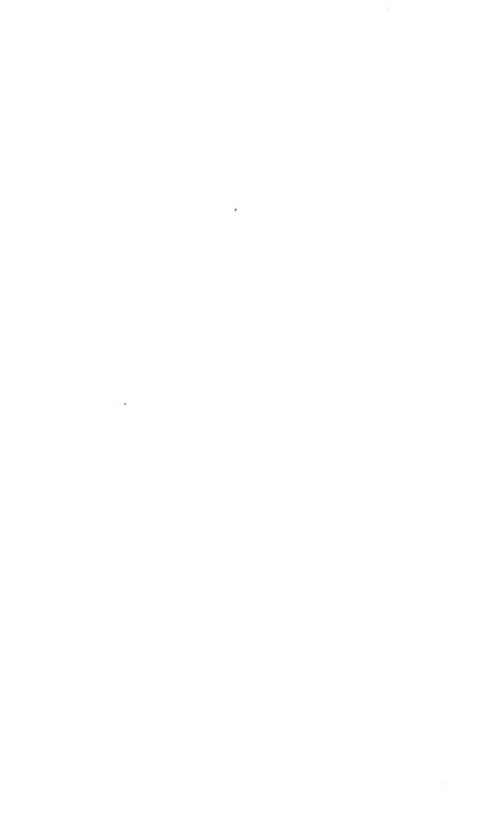






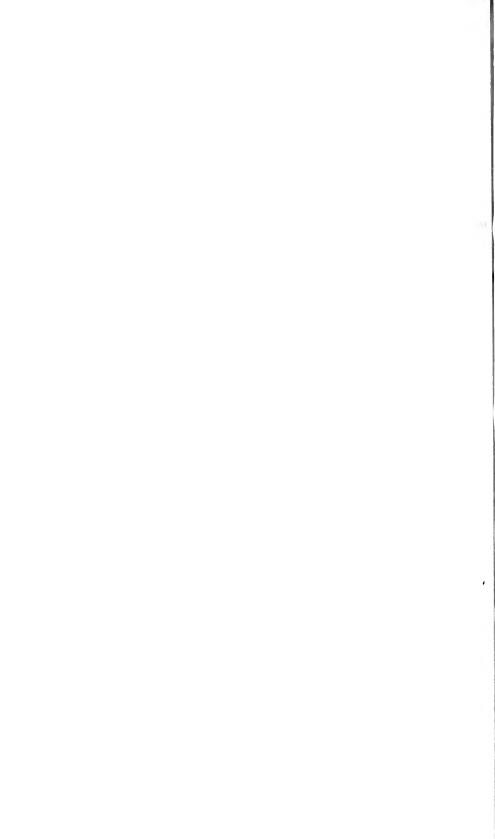
		4
	•	
÷		













LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

0 011 895 800 7